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**VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (AUTONOMOUS), HYDERABAD**

*Accredited by NAAC with A++ Grade*

**B.E. (I.T.) V-Semester Backlog Examinations, Jan./Feb.-2024**

**Automata Languages & Computation**

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

*Note: Answer all questions from Part-A and any FIVE from Part-B*

**Part-A (10 × 2 = 20 Marks)**

Q. No.	Stem of the question	M	L	CO	PO
1.	Differentiate between NFA and DFA.	2	1	1	1
2.	Construct DFA that accepts all strings of a's and b's where each string starts with 'a' over alphabet {a,b}.	2	3	1	1,2
3.	State decision properties of regular languages.	2	1	2	1
4.	Distinguish Type2 and Type1 grammars with an example	2	2	2	1
5.	Define PDA.	2	1	3	1
6.	State pumping lemma for CFL's.	2	2	3	1
7.	Define non-deterministic Turing machine.	2	1	4	1
8.	What is an instantaneous description of a TM?	2	2	4	1
9.	Distinguish between recursive and recursively enumerable languages.	2	2	5	2
10.	State Church-Turing hypothesis.	2	1	5	1
<b>Part-B (5 × 8 = 40 Marks)</b>					
11. a)	Give DFA's accepting the following languages over the alphabet {0,1}.	4	3	1	1
	(i) the set of all strings ending in 00				
	(ii) the set of all strings with 011 as a substring.				
b)	State Arden's Theorem. Construct regular expressions which are equivalent to the following finite automata by applying Arden's Theorem	4	4	1	1
12. a)	State and prove pumping lemma theorem for regular languages. Show that the language $L = \{a^n \mid n \text{ is a perfect square}\}$ is not regular.	4	2	2	1
b)	Explain Closure properties of regular languages with an example.	4	1	2	1
13. a)	Convert the following grammar (over the alphabet {a, b, c, d}) to the Chomsky normal form. $S \rightarrow aSd \mid T$ $T \rightarrow bTc \mid \square$	4	3	3	2

b)	Apply CYK Algorithm on the input string "cbba" for the following CFG in Chomsky Normal Form and determine whether it is member of L(G) $S \rightarrow AB$ $A \rightarrow CC a c$ $B \rightarrow BC b$ $C \rightarrow CB BA c$	4	3	3	2
14. a)	Describe the programming techniques for Turing Machines.	4	2	4	1
b)	Design a TM to accept the language $L = \{0^n 1^n 2^n \mid n \geq 1\}$ and also show the sequence of moves made by the TM for the string "001122".	4	4	4	3
15. a)	Define PCP and MPCP. Given the MPCP instance shown below, construct PCP instance. List A = (110, 0011, 0110) List B = (110110, 00, 110)	4	3	5	1
b)	Discuss about Diagonalization language ( $L_d$ ). Show that $L_d$ is not recursively enumerable.	4	2	5	1
16. a)	Convert the following NFA to a DFA. Be sure to label each state in the DFA with the corresponding state(s) in the NFA.	4	3	1	2
b)	Minimize the following Deterministic Finite Automata and prove that your new DFA is minimal.	4	3	2	2
17.	Answer any <i>two</i> of the following:				
a)	Simplify the following grammar $S \rightarrow aA \mid aBB$ $A \rightarrow aAA \mid \epsilon$ $B \rightarrow bB \mid b$ $C \rightarrow B$	4	2	3	1
b)	Design a TM to accept the language $L = \{wcw \mid w \in (a+b)^*\}$ and also show the sequence of moves made by the TM for the string "aabcaab".	4	2	4	1
c)	What is undecidability? How does this leads to untractability? Explain.	4	1	5	1

M : Marks; L: Bloom's Taxonomy Level; CO; Course Outcome; PO: Programme Outcome

i)	Blooms Taxonomy Level - 1	23.68%
ii)	Blooms Taxonomy Level - 2	36.84%
iii)	Blooms Taxonomy Level - 3 & 4	39.47%